JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2020



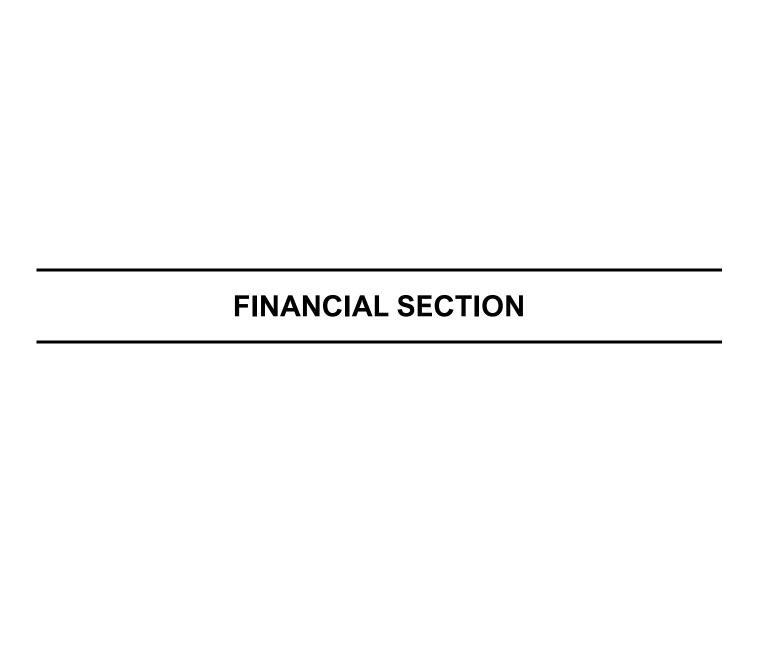
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Jefferson Elementary School District Tracy, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jefferson Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jefferson Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Wintplekete, Inc

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2021 on our consideration of Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California February 3, 2021

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

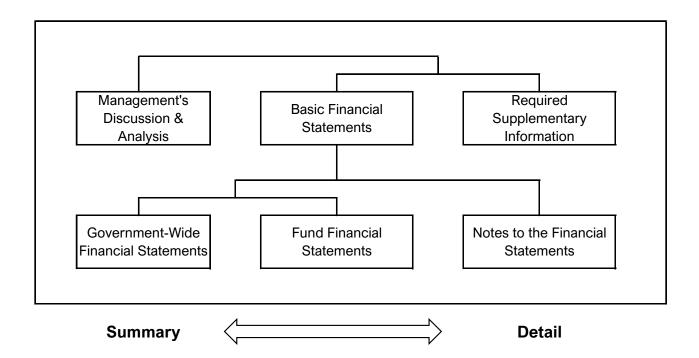
Our discussion and analysis of Jefferson Elementary School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$20,152,197 at June 30, 2020. This was an increase of \$1,940,955 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$29,309,488 which exceeded expenses of \$27,368,533.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - Fiduciary Funds report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$20,152,197 at June 30, 2020, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(20,021,797) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
	2020	2019	Net Change					
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$ 24,822,985	\$ 20,868,590	\$ 3,954,395					
Capital assets	59,097,179	58,048,855	1,048,324					
Total Assets	83,920,164	78,917,445	5,002,719					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,031,893	6,428,508	(396,615)					
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	2,143,879	1,103,035	1,040,844					
Long-term liabilities	65,785,714	64,040,885	1,744,829					
Total Liabilities	67,929,593	65,143,920	2,785,673					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,870,267	1,990,791	(120,524)					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	26,685,906	25,893,386	792,520					
Restricted	13,488,088	10,091,575	3,396,513					
Unrestricted	(20,021,797)	(17,773,719)	(2,248,078)					
Total Net Position	\$ 20,152,197	\$ 18,211,242	\$ 1,940,955					

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it, so you can see our total revenues and expenses, for the year.

	Governmental Activities							
	2020 2019					et Change		
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	1,711,052	\$	2,051,658	\$	(340,606)		
Operating grants and contributions		2,666,389		2,564,457		101,932		
Capital grants and contributions		2,600,653		81		2,600,572		
General revenues								
Property taxes		6,066,242		5,296,985		769,257		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		15,588,992		15,977,355		(388,363)		
Other		676,160		402,096		274,064		
Total Revenues		29,309,488		26,292,632		3,016,856		
EXPENSES								
Instruction		16,578,660		16,915,827		(337,167)		
Instruction-related services		2,422,075		2,181,693		240,382		
Pupil services		1,727,797		1,781,374		(53,577)		
General administration		2,045,143		1,727,542		317,601		
Plant services		2,303,131		2,346,261		(43,130)		
Ancillary and community services		39,180		53,640		(14,460)		
Debt service		1,724,680		1,500,666		224,014		
Other outgo		527,867		509,604		18,263		
Total Expenses		27,368,533		27,016,607		351,926		
Change in net position		1,940,955		(723,975)		2,664,930		
Net Position - Beginning		18,211,242		18,935,217		(723,975)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	20,152,197	\$	18,211,242	\$	1,940,955		

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$27,368,533 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$6,066,242 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services								
		2020		2019					
Instruction	\$	12,619,712	\$	15,119,012					
Instruction-related services		2,278,348		1,959,803					
Pupil services		895,208		857,485					
General administration		1,949,080		1,642,628					
Plant services		909,940		1,945,174					
Ancillary and community services		38,730		53,037					
Debt service		1,724,680		1,500,666					
Transfers to other agencies		(25,259)		(677,394)					
Total Expenses	\$	20,390,439	\$	22,400,411					

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,039,074, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$20,121,479. The District's General Fund had \$729,399 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's Capital Facilities Fund had \$161,517 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's County School Facilities Fund had \$2,600,653 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2019-2020

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2019-2020 the District had invested \$59,097,179 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities									
	2020 2019					et Change				
CAPITAL ASSETS										
Land	\$	5,825,263	\$	5,825,263	\$	-				
Construction in progress		2,809,553		1,006,622		1,802,931				
Land improvements		2,494,153		2,325,258		168,895				
Buildings & improvements		64,831,886		64,354,452		477,434				
Furniture & equipment		2,079,455		1,960,172		119,283				
Accumulated depreciation	((18,943,131)		(17,422,912)		(1,520,219)				
Total Capital Assets	\$	59,097,179	\$	58,048,855	\$	1,048,324				

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$65,785,714 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 2.72% from last year – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities									
	2020	Net Change								
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				_						
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 42,052,913	\$ 40,973,912	\$	1,079,001						
Compensated absences	61,786	57,297		4,489						
Net OPEB liability	700,311	548,679		151,632						
Net pension liability	23,210,862	22,694,041		516,821						
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities	(240,158)	(233,044)		(7,114)						
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 65,785,714	\$ 64,040,885	\$	1,744,829						

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

According to the UCLA Anderson Forecast, the U.S. economy is in a "depression-like crisis" and it will take at least three years before its GDP and unemployment rate return to the levels it saw before the COVID-19 pandemic struck. Between February 2020 and April 2020, California lost 2.56 million nonfarm payroll jobs, a 15% drop that is nearly double the job loss during the Great Recession in 2008 and 2009.

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom and the State Legislature provided resources and support beyond the Proposition 98 requirement in 2020–21, giving one-time federal resources and pension rate relief and promising more than the minimum guarantee in 2021–22.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. In response to the ongoing pandemic, the 2020-21 State Budget reduced employer contribution rates in 2020–21 and 2021–22. This will reduce the CalSTRS employer rate from 18.4% to approximately 16.15% in 2020–21 and from 18.2% to 16.0% in 2021–22. The CalPERS employer contribution rate will be reduced from CalPERS recently set rate for 2020–21 of 22.68% to 20.7% and 2021–22 estimated rate of 24.6% to 23.0%. Despite this reduction in the planned rate increases, the projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law. The CARES Act provides California K-12 education with \$1.65 billion in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds, \$355 million in Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Funds, and \$4.4 billion in Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF). Collectively, GEER Funds, CRF, and \$540 million in state General Fund (GF) contributions are known as Learning Loss Mitigation Funding (LLMF). CARES Act funds will be apportioned in 2020-21, however, ESSER and GEER are to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022, GF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, and CRF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020. On December 27, 2020, the President signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act which extended the CRF spending deadline to December 30, 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Business Services, at Jefferson School District, 1219 Whispering Wind Road, Tracy, California, 95377.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 21,100,540
Accounts receivable	3,716,268
Inventory	6,177
Capital assets, not depreciated	8,634,816
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	50,462,363
Total Assets	83,920,164
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	5,766,028
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	265,865
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,031,893
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	1,903,721
Long-term liabilities, current portion	240,158
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	65,785,714
Total Liabilities	67,929,593
DESERBED INELOWO OF DESCRIPTION	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4.000.054
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,866,854
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	3,413
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,870,267
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	26,685,906
Restricted:	
Capital projects	10,459,519
Debt service	545,014
Educational programs	1,974,765
All others	508,790
Unrestricted	(20,021,797)
Total Net Position	\$ 20,152,197

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Progr	ram Revenues			Re C	t (Expenses) venues and thanges in et Position
						perating		Capital		
			С	harges for		rants and	G	rants and	Go	vernmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u>.</u>	,							
Instruction	\$	16,578,660	\$	72,498	\$	1,285,797	\$	2,600,653	\$	(12,619,712)
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		287,987		-		45,362		-		(242,625)
Instructional library, media, and technology		311,923		10,691		2,652		-		(298,580)
School site administration		1,822,165		2,078		82,944		-		(1,737,143)
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		295,691		49,674		10,870		-		(235,147)
Food services		826,752		25,024		610,337		-		(191,391)
All other pupil services		605,354		-		136,684		-		(468,670)
General administration										
Centralized data processing		125,501		-		-		-		(125,501)
All other general administration		1,919,642		12,810		83,253		-		(1,823,579)
Plant services		2,303,131		1,110,748		282,443		-		(909,940)
Ancillary services		39,180		-		450		-		(38,730)
Interest on long-term debt		1,724,680		-		-		-		(1,724,680)
Other outgo		527,867		427,529		125,597				25,259
Total Governmental Activities	\$	27,368,533	\$	1,711,052	\$	2,666,389	\$	2,600,653		(20,390,439)
		eral revenues								
		ces and subventi								
		roperty taxes, le			oses					5,260,394
		roperty taxes, le								785,524
		roperty taxes, le								20,324
		ederal and state			speci	fic purposes				15,588,992
		erest and investr	nent ea	arnings						219,407
		cellaneous								456,753
		otal, General R								22,331,394
		NGE IN NET PO		N						1,940,955
		Position - Begii								18,211,242
	Net I	Position - Endi	ng						\$	20,152,197

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	Gei	· .				ounty School acilities Fund	G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	9,135,868	\$	7,774,467	\$	2,606,492	\$	1,530,633	\$	21,047,460
Accounts receivable		3,699,468		16,800		-		-		3,716,268
Due from other funds		34,857		-		-		40,000		74,857
Stores inventory		-		-		-		6,177		6,177
Total Assets	\$	12,870,193	\$	7,791,267	\$	2,606,492	\$	1,576,810	\$	24,844,762
LIABILITIES										
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,718,277	\$	210	\$	-	\$	12,344	\$	1,730,831
Due to other funds		40,000		-		-		34,857		74,857
Total Liabilities		1,758,277		210		-		47,201		1,805,688
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		7,740		-		-		6,177		13,917
Restricted		1,974,765		7,791,057		2,606,492		1,294,671		13,666,985
Committed		-		-		-		228,761		228,761
Assigned		2,578,581		-		-		-		2,578,581
Unassigned		6,550,830		-		-		-		6,550,830
Total Fund Balances		11,111,916		7,791,057		2,606,492		1,529,609		23,039,074
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,870,193	\$	7,791,267	\$	2,606,492	\$	1,576,810	\$	24,844,762

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because: Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation Capital assets Accumulated depreciation Capital assets Accumulated depreciation Capital assets Accumulated depreciation (18,943,131) 59,097,179 Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was: Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds \$42,052,913 Compensated absences \$61,786 Net OPEB liability 700,311 Net pension liability 700,311 Net pension liability 80,766,028 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources relating to opensions In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to opensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (3,413) 262,452 Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certai	Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 23,039,074
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets S 78,040,310 Accumulated depreciation (18,943,131) 59,097,179 Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was: Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds \$ 42,052,913 Compensated absences 61,786 Net OPEB liability 700,311 Net pension liability 700,311 Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (1,866,854) 3,899,174 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 1 governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB 1 governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 1 governmental ser		
assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation Capital assets Accumulated depreciation (18,943,131) 59,097,179 Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was: Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds Compensated absences 61,786 Net OPEB liability 700,311 Net pension liability 23,210,862 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions S,766,028 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions S,766,028 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions S,766,028 Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB S,265,865 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB S,265,865 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB S,265,865 Deferred outflows of resources re	Capital assets:	
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was: Long-term liabilities:	assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets \$78,040,310	59,097,179
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Society Total general obligation bonds (66,025,872) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Society 262,865 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (3,413) 262,452 Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:	In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of	(172,890)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$5,766,028 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$1,866,854\$ 3,899,174 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$265,865 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB \$265,865 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB \$262,452 Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is: 53,080	In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds \$42,052,913 Compensated absences 61,786 Net OPEB liability 700,311	(66,025,872)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (3,413) 262,452 Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:	In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 5,766,028	3,899,174
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:	In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 265,865	262,452
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 20,152,197	Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service	53,080
	Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 20,152,197

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ge	neral Fund	Ca _l	pital Facilities Fund	ınty School ilities Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES				- unu	 intioo i unu	rando		T dilido
LCFF sources	\$	20,069,499	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 84,407	\$	20,153,906
Federal sources		696,155		-	-	447,174		1,143,329
Other state sources		2,400,142		-	2,583,090	34,473		5,017,705
Other local sources		1,117,340		1,840,864	17,563	1,072,067		4,047,834
Total Revenues		24,283,136		1,840,864	2,600,653	1,638,121		30,362,774
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		15,574,076		-	-	-		15,574,076
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		277,767		-	-	-		277,767
Instructional library, media, and technology		272,057		-	-	-		272,057
School site administration		1,786,961		-	-	-		1,786,961
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		266,836		-	-	75,259		342,095
Food services		40,000		-	-	722,183		762,183
All other pupil services		626,525		-	-	-		626,525
General administration								
Centralized data processing		125,501		-	-	-		125,501
All other general administration		1,778,947		-	-	34,395		1,813,342
Plant services		1,907,305		110,856	-	98,636		2,116,797
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		330,012		1,568,491	-	633,892		2,532,395
Ancillary services		39,883		-	-	-		39,883
Transfers to other agencies		527,867		-	-	-		527,867
Debt service								
Principal		-		-	-	230,000		230,000
Interest and other		-		-	-	417,730		417,730
Total Expenditures		23,553,737		1,679,347	-	2,212,095		27,445,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		729,399		161,517	2,600,653	(573,974)		2,917,595
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-	-	84,407		84,407
Transfers out		(84,407)		-	-	-		(84,407)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(84,407)		-	-	84,407		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		644,992		161,517	2,600,653	(489,567)		2,917,595
Fund Balance - Beginning		10,466,924		7,629,540	5,839	2,019,176		20,121,479
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	11,111,916	\$	7,791,057	\$ 2,606,492	\$ 1,529,609	\$	23,039,074

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

2,917,595

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 2,568,543

Depreciation expense: (1,520,219) 1,048,324

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

230,000

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

2,051

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(1,314,159)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(4,489)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

22,742

(continued on next page)

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(967,286)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

5,158

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

1,019

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,940,955

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Ao	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$	53,080		
Total Assets		53,080		
NET POSITION				
Restricted		53,080		
Total Net Position	\$	53,080		

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	_		
Interest income	\$	1,019	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		1,019	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,019	
Net Position - Beginning		52,061	
Net Position - Ending	\$	53,080	

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from investing activities		_
Interest received	\$	1,019
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		1,019
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,019
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year		52,061
End of year	\$	53,080
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities		
Operating income/(loss)	\$	-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	-

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		Trust Funds			Agency Fund	
	Retir	ee Benefit	Schola	rship Trust	Stud	ent Body
		Fund	F	Fund		Fund
ASSETS				_		
Cash and investments	\$	37,193	\$	4,219	\$	5,680
Accounts receivable		45,115				_
Total Assets		82,308		4,219	\$	5,680
LIABILITIES						
Due to student groups		-		_	\$	5,680
Total Liabilities		-		-	\$	5,680
NET POSITION						
Restricted		82,308		4,219		
Total Net Position	\$	82,308	\$	4,219		

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Trust Funds					
	Reti	ree Benefit Fund	Scholarship Trust Fund				
ADDITIONS							
Investment earnings	\$	2,185	\$	-			
Total Additions		2,185		-			
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits		94,854		-			
Total Deductions		94,854		-			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(92,669)		-			
Net Position - Beginning		174,977		4,219			
Net Position - Ending	\$	82,308	\$	4,219			

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Jefferson School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit discussed below is reported in the District's financial statements because of the significance of its relationship with the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the benefit of the District.

The Community Facilities District No. 1 (CFD) was formed under the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, was amended by Chapter 2.5, Part I, Division 2, Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California established March 30, 1989. For financial presentation, the CFD's financial activity has been blended or combined with the financial data for the District. Individually-prepared financial statements are not prepared for the CFD.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Government-Wide Statements. (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Pupil Transportation Equipment Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state and local revenues specifically for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or replacement of equipment used to transport students (*Education Code Section* 41852[b]).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Retiree Benefit Fund: This fund exists to account separately for amounts held in trust from salary reduction agreements, other irrevocable contributions for employees' retirement benefit payments, or both.

Scholarship Trust Fund: This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions, (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

5-50 years 2-15 years 2-15 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 95 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This standard's primary objective is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The statement is effective immediately. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 95.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	vernmental	Int	ernal Service	G	overnmental	ı	Fiduciary
		Funds		Fund		Activities		Funds
Investment in county treasury	\$	21,000,111	\$	53,080	\$	21,053,191	\$	37,056
Cash on hand and in banks		39,609		-		39,609		10,036
Cash in revolving fund		7,740		-		7,740		
Total	\$	21,047,460	\$	53,080	\$	21,100,540	\$	47,092

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Joaquin County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$21,214,467 and an amortized book value of \$21,090,247. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 458 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2020, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Joaquin County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	21,214,467
Total	\$	21,214,467

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Cap	oital Facilities Fund	(Governmental Activities	Fiduo	iary Funds
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	154,460	\$	-	\$	154,460	\$	-
State Government								
Apportionment		2,923,642		-		2,923,642		-
Lottery		162,080		-		162,080		-
Local Government								
Other local sources		459,286		16,800		476,086		45,115
Total	\$	3,699,468	\$	16,800	\$	3,716,268	\$	45,115

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Ju	Balance uly 01, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2020
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$	5,825,263	\$ -	\$ - 3	\$ 5,825,263
Construction in progress		1,006,622	1,802,931	-	2,809,553
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		6,831,885	1,802,931	-	8,634,816
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements		2,325,258	168,895	-	2,494,153
Buildings & improvements		64,354,452	477,434	-	64,831,886
Furniture & equipment		1,960,172	119,283	-	2,079,455
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		68,639,882	765,612	-	69,405,494
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Land improvements		510,110	107,738	-	617,848
Buildings & improvements		15,119,548	1,453,344	-	16,572,892
Furniture & equipment		1,793,254	-	40,863	1,752,391
Total Accumulated Depreciation		17,422,912	1,561,082	40,863	18,943,131
Governmental Activities			_		
Capital Assets, net	\$	58,048,855	\$ 1,007,461	\$ (40,863)	\$ 59,097,179

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$1,561,082 was charged as a direct expense to the instruction function in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		D	ue Fr	om Other Fun	ds	
Due To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	40,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds		34,857		-		34,857
Total	\$	34,857	\$	40,000	\$	74,857
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for OPEB	allocation.				\$	40,000
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for COVID	relief.					34,857
Total					\$	74,857

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Interfund 1	rans	fers In
Interfund Transfers Out	Gove	n-Major ernmental Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	84,407	\$	84,407
Total	\$	84,407	\$	84,407
General Fund transfer to the Deferred Maintenance Fund for LCFF.			\$	84,407
Total			\$	84,407

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major			
			Cap	oital Facilities	G	overnmental		(Governmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	366,394	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	366,394
Construction		-		210		8,371	-		8,581
Vendors payable		1,351,883		-		3,973	-		1,355,856
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	172,890		172,890
Total	\$	1,718,277	\$	210	\$	12,344	\$ 172,890	\$	1,903,721

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Jι	Balance uly 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	32,487,402	\$ -	\$ 208,197	\$ 32,279,205	\$ 196,322
Unamortized premium		143,233	-	5,158	138,075	5,158
Accreted interest		8,343,277	1,314,159	21,803	9,635,633	38,678
Total general obligation bonds		40,973,912	1,314,159	235,158	42,052,913	240,158
Compensated absences		57,297	4,489	-	61,786	_
Net OPEB liability		548,679	151,632	=	700,311	-
Net pension liability		22,694,041	516,821	=	23,210,862	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	64,273,929	\$ 1,987,101	\$ 235,158	\$ 66,025,872	\$ 240,158

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$61,786. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's restated beginning net OPEB liability was \$548,679 and increased by \$151,632 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was \$700,311. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

C. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$22,694,041 and increased by \$516,821 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2020 was \$23,210,862. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds

In April 2011, Jefferson School District issued Series A of the Election of 2010 in the amounts of \$5,830,000 in current interest bonds and \$567,194 in capital appreciation bonds. Interest on the current interest bonds is payable on August 1 and February 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2011. The capital appreciation bonds accrete interest compounded semi-annually on August 1 and February 1, commencing August 1, 2022. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the acquisition, construction and furnishing of equipment for district facilities.

In April 2013, Jefferson School District issued Series B of the Election 2010 in the amounts of \$1,700,000 in current interest bonds, \$14,603,679 in capital appreciation bonds and \$6,695,791 in convertible capital appreciation bonds. Interest on the current interest bonds is payable on August 1 and February 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2015. The capital appreciation bonds and convertible capital appreciation bonds accrete interest compounded semi-annually on August 1 and February 1, commencing August 1, 2023. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the acquisition, construction and furnishing of equipment for district facilities.

On August 19, 2014, Jefferson School District issued Series C of the Election 2010 in the amounts of \$1,780,000 in current interest bonds and \$2,034,069 in capital appreciation bonds. Interest on the current interest bonds accrues from the date of delivery and is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2015. The capital appreciation bonds accrete interest compounded semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing on February 1, 2015. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the acquisition and construction of school facilities projects.

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the District at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

					Bonds			
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020
Series A	4/27/2011	8/1/2040	2.00% - 5.50%	\$ 6,397,194	\$ 6,522,700	\$ 56,069	\$ 55,000	\$ 6,523,769
Series B	4/21/2013	8/1/2052	0.84% - 5.50%	22,999,470	29,757,008	1,257,015	150,000	30,864,023
Series C	8/19/2014	8/1/2044	0.72% - 5.12%	3,814,069	4,550,971	1,075	25,000	4,527,046
					\$ 40,830,679	\$ 1,314,159	\$ 230,000	\$ 41,914,838

The bonds mature as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Т	otal
2021	\$ 300,133	\$ 414,936	\$	715,069
2022	381,637	408,557		790,194
2023	401,516	468,403		869,919
2024	574,985	642,549		1,217,534
2025	207,628	883,745		1,091,373
2026 - 2030	1,749,414	5,824,580		7,573,994
2031 - 2035	4,197,669	7,526,493		11,724,162
2036 - 2040	7,798,199	9,448,152		17,246,351
2041 - 2045	8,627,381	14,676,057		23,303,438
2046 - 2050	4,943,572	26,338,257	;	31,281,829
2330 - 2053	3,097,071	21,343,197		24,440,268
Accretion	9,635,633	(9,635,633)		
Total	\$ 41,914,838	\$ 78,339,293	\$ 1:	20,254,131

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters.

NOTE 8 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2020:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Capi	tal Facilities Fund	ty School ties Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable								
Revolving cash	\$	7,740	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	7,740
Stores inventory		-		-	-	6,177		6,177
Total non-spendable		7,740		-	-	6,177		13,917
Restricted								
Educational programs		1,974,765		-	-	-		1,974,765
Capital projects		-		7,791,057	2,606,492	67,977		10,465,526
Debt service		-		-	-	717,904		717,904
All others		-		-	-	508,790		508,790
Total restricted		1,974,765		7,791,057	2,606,492	1,294,671		13,666,985
Committed								_
Deferred maintenance		-		-	-	228,761		228,761
Total committed		-		-	-	228,761		228,761
Assigned								
Other assignments		2,578,581		-	-	-		2,578,581
Total assigned		2,578,581		-	-	-		2,578,581
Unassigned								
Reserve for economic uncertainties		703,477		-	-	-		703,477
Remaining unassigned		5,847,353		-	-	-		5,847,353
Total unassigned		6,550,830		-	-	-		6,550,830
Total Fund Balance	\$	11,111,916	\$	7,791,057	\$ 2,606,492	\$ 1,529,609	\$	23,039,074

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Jefferson Elementary School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Jefferson Elementary School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The District participates in an irrevocable trust, administered by the San Joaquin County Treasurer-Tax Collector.

B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position can be obtained by contacting the District. The trust is set up for receiving employer contributions that will prefund health and other postemployment benefits costs for retirees and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan are described below.

	<u>Certificated</u>	<u>Management</u>
Applies to	Hired after 6/30/92	Hired after 6/30/92
Benefit types provided	Medical, dental and vision	Medical, dental and vision
	To age 70; plus one month	To age 70; plus one month
	for each 3 days of	for each 3 days of
	accumulated sick leave	accumulated sick leave
Duration of Benefits	beyond 50	beyond 50
Required Service	25 years	25 years
Minimum Age	58	58
Dependent Coverage	Yes	Yes
District Contribution %	100%	100%
District Cap	Currently \$10,000	Currently \$10,000

D. Contributions

For fiscal year 2019-20, the District contributed \$94,472 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

E. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of
	participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	2
Total number of participants**	11

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 875,291
Plan fiduciary net position	174,980
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 700,311

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of

total OPEB liability 19.99%

G. Investments

Investment Policy

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Concentrations

The Plan fund are in the County Treasury administered by the San Joaquin County Treasurer-Tax Collector. The funds are 100% in a short term fixed income asset class.

Rate of Return

For the year ended, June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 0.77 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

Economic assumptions:

Investment rate of return 3.50%
Salary increases 2.75%
Discount rate 3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2014 CalSTRS Mortality Table

Classified 2014 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table

Retirement rates:

Certificated 2009 CalSTRS Retirement Rates Table

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

H. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

I. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	2,595
Interest on total OPEB liability		25,347
Difference between expected and actual experience		171,012
Benefits payments		(94,472)
Net change in total OPEB liability		104,482
Total OPEB liability - beginning		770,809
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	875,291
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	44,686
Net investment income		2,636
Benefit payments		(94,472)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(47,150)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		222,130
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	174,980
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	700,311
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		19.99%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,265,524
District's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.28%

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net/total OPEB liability of the Jefferson Elementary School District, as well as what the District's net/total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			V	aluation			
	1%	1% Decrease (2.5%)		Discount Rate (3.5%)		1% Increase (4.5%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	690,500	\$	700,311	\$	709,681	

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

K. Sensitivity of the Net/Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net/total OPEB liability of the Jefferson Elementary School District, as well as what the District's net/total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Valuation Trend					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
		(2.0%)		(4.0%)		(5.0%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	736.192	\$	700.311	\$	666.903

L. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Jefferson Elementary School District recognized OPEB expense of \$193,978. At June 30, 2020, the Jefferson Elementary School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
-	\$	3,413	
171,012		-	
94,853			
265,865	\$	3,413	
	- 171,012 94,853	of Resources of Resource - \$ 171,012 94,853	

The \$94,853 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of Resources	
2021	\$	171,012	\$	854
2022		-		854
2023		-		854
2024				851
Total	\$	171,012	\$	3,413

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	Net pension of liability		Deferred Deferred inflows outflows related related to to pensions pensions		Done	sion expense	
		паршту		pensions		Jensions	Pens	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	17,234,670	\$	4,386,997	\$	1,768,684	\$	2,084,305
PERS Pension		5,976,192		1,379,031		98,170		1,234,332
Total	\$	23,210,862	\$	5,766,028	\$	1,866,854	\$	3,318,637

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2020, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 18.13% of annual payroll reduced to 17.10% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,803,482 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$1,311,559 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 17,234,670
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	9,402,739
Total	\$ 26,637,409

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.019 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,084,305. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$257,254 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	663,885
Differences between expected and actual experience	43,509		485,653
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences	2,179,809		-
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	360,197		619,146
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,803,482		-
Total	\$ 4,386,997	\$	1,768,684

The \$1,803,482 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Defer	red Outflows	Defe	Deferred Inflows		
	Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of Resources			
	2021	\$	645,735	\$	335,426		
	2022		645,735		796,328		
	2023		645,735		171,542		
	2024		646,310		259,691		
	2025		-		45,886		
	2026				159,811		
	Total	\$	2,583,515	\$	1,768,684		

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	4.80%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Real Estate	13%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 25,663,851	\$	17,234,670	\$ 10,245,275

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 20.733% of annual payroll reduced to 19.721% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$547,869 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$5,976,192 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.021 percent, which increased by 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,234,332. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ _	\$	55,430		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	434,111		-		
Changes in assumptions	284,485		_		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions	112,566		42,740		
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date	547,869		_		
Total	\$ 1,379,031	\$	98,170		

The \$547,869 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferi	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of I	Resources	of F	Resources
2021	\$	499,908	\$	89,528
2022		232,136		(101,365)
2023		92,123		(16,562)
2024		6,995		126,569
Total	\$	831,162	\$	98,170

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (6.15%)	Dis	Current count Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,614,288	\$	5,976,192	\$	3,787,709	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had no commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 12 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in four joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC), the San Joaquin County School Workers' Compensation Group, San Joaquin County Schools Property and Liability Group and Norcal ReLief. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

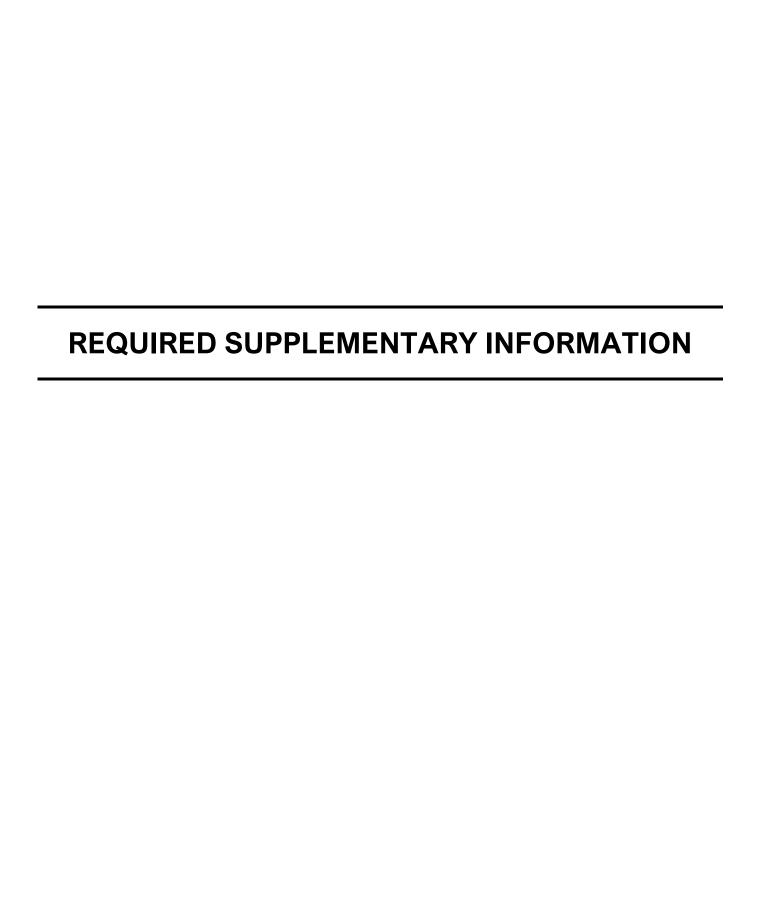
NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$5,766,028 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$1,866,854.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 9. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$265,865 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$3,413.



JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	Fina	l to Actual	
REVENUES								_	
LCFF sources	\$	20,239,592	\$	20,232,545	\$	20,069,499	\$	(163,046)	
Federal sources		587,660		607,838		751,106		143,268	
Other state sources		1,509,330		1,931,782		2,400,142		468,360	
Other local sources		592,876		742,404		1,062,389		319,985	
Total Revenues		22,929,458		23,514,569		24,283,136		768,567	
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		10,891,544		10,941,048		10,928,657		12,391	
Classified salaries		2,611,611		2,855,290		2,794,802		60,488	
Employee benefits		5,659,541		6,079,620		5,881,537		198,083	
Books and supplies		1,586,308		2,161,210		775,651		1,385,559	
Services and other operating expenditures		2,201,448		2,745,350		2,243,693		501,657	
Capital outlay		158,508		1,085,345		435,925		649,420	
Other outgo									
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		514,198		514,198		527,867		(13,669)	
Transfers of indirect costs		(40,000)		(35,000)		(34,395)		(605)	
Total Expenditures		23,583,158		26,347,061		23,553,737		2,793,324	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(653,700)		(2,832,492)		729,399		3,561,891	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(104,407)		(104,407)		(84,407)		20,000	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(104,407)		(104,407)		(84,407)		20,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(758,107)		(2,936,899)		644,992		3,581,891	
Fund Balance - Beginning		10,425,309		10,464,185		10,466,924		2,739	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	9,667,202	\$	7,527,286	\$	11,111,916	\$	3,584,630	

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$	2,595	\$	2,526	\$	2,458	
Interest on total OPEB liability		25,347		27,703		31,008	
Difference between expected and actual experience		171,012		-		-	
Benefits payments		(94,472)		(99,370)		(156,512)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		104,482		(69,141)		(123,046)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		770,809		839,950		962,996	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	875,291	\$	770,809	\$	839,950	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	44,686	\$	47,686	\$	171,908	
Net investment income		2,636		3,203		1,939	
Benefit payments		(94,472)		(99,370)		(156,512)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(47,150)		(48,481)		17,335	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		222,130		270,611		253,276	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	174,980	\$	222,130	\$	270,611	
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	700,311	\$	548,679	\$	569,339	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		19.99%		28.82%		32.22%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,265,524	\$	13,375,324	\$	13,254,742	
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.28%		4.10%		4.30%	

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	, 2020 June 30, 2019		Jı	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.019%		0.019%		0.019%		0.019%		0.020%		0.020%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	17,234,670	\$	17,342,828	\$	17,785,897	\$	15,005,729	\$	13,273,922	\$	11,837,897
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	9,402,739 26,637,409	\$	9,929,629 27,272,457	\$	10,521,986 28,307,883	\$	8,542,494 23,548,223	\$	7,020,441 20,294,363	\$	7,150,090 18,987,987
District's covered payroll	\$	10,487,903	\$	10,115,118	\$	10,429,835	\$	9,252,124	\$	10,973,002	\$	9,097,770
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		164.3%		171.5%		192.2%		162.2%		121.0%		130.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.021%		0.020%		0.021%		0.020%		0.022%		0.022%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,976,192	\$	5,351,213	\$	4,907,900	\$	4,008,282	\$	3,165,934	\$	2,532,294
District's covered payroll	\$	2,887,421	\$	2,646,852	\$	2,707,950	\$	2,487,913	\$	2,350,997	\$	2,344,826
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		207.0%		202.2%		197.3%		161.1%		134.7%		108.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jı	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,803,482	\$	1,676,466	\$	1,458,168	\$	1,306,101	\$	989,684	\$	810,993	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,803,482)		(1,676,466)		(1,458,168)		(1,306,101)		(989,684)		(810,993)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
District's covered payroll	\$	10,747,915	\$	10,487,903	\$	10,115,118	\$	10,429,835	\$	9,252,124	\$	10,973,002	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.78%		15.98%		14.42%		12.52%		10.70%		7.39%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020		Ju	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	547,869	\$	513,001	\$	411,089	\$	374,325	\$	293,227	\$	274,762	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(547,869)		(513,001)		(411,089)		(374,325)		(293,227)		(274,762)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	
District's covered payroll	\$	2,777,621	\$	2,887,421	\$	2,646,852	\$	2,707,950	\$	2,487,913	\$	2,350,997	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.72%		17.77%		15.53%		13.82%		11.79%		11.69%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the to net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability, and the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Schedule of the District Contributions for OPEB

This 10-year schedule is not required to be presented as there was no actuarially determined contribution, nor any contribution requirement established by statute or contract.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no assumption changes since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

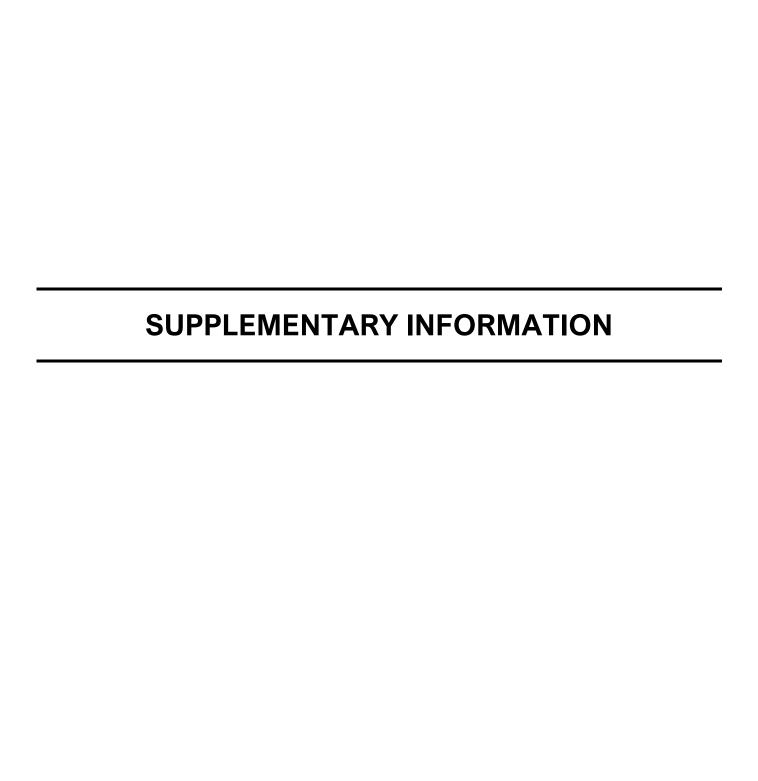
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expenditures and Other Uses					
	Budget Actual				Excess	
General Fund						
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$ 514,198	\$	527,867	\$	13,669	



JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	Number	identifying Number	Lxpe	naitures
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	149.201
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	•	705
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		39.608
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		14.104
Special Education Cluster				, -
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		282,368
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430		9,106
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				291,474
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			•	
Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	10147		40,000
Total U. S. Department of Education				535,092
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]				
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526		66,960
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		259,277
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*		50,409
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding - Unanticipated School Closures	10.555	*		70,528
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				447,174
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				447,174
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	982,266

^{[1] -} Major Program
[2] - In-Kind Contribution
* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	Certificate No.	Certificate No.
	4E86FA94	719BD627
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	901.81	901.81
Extended Year Special Education	0.74	0.74
Total TK/K through Third	902.55	902.55
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	746.62	746.62
Extended Year Special Education	0.16	0.16
Total Fourth through Sixth	746.78	746.78
Seventh through Eighth	•	
Regular ADA	556.30	556.30
Extended Year Special Education	0.93	0.93
Total Seventh through Eighth	557.23	557.23
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,206.56	2,206.56

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	Instructional	Number of	
		Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Minutes	Days Certified	
	Minutes	Instructional	Instructional	Number	Number	Closed due to	Closed due to	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Minutes	of Days	of Days	COVID-19	COVID-19*	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	50,520	35,962	180	134	14,558	46	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	50,520	37,664	180	134	12,856	46	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,520	37,664	180	134	12,856	46	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	50,520	37,664	180	134	12,856	46	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	59,160	44,144	180	134	15,016	46	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	59,160	44,144	180	134	15,016	46	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	57,060	41,860	180	134	15,200	46	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	57,060	41,860	180	134	15,200	46	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	57,060	41,860	180	134	15,200	46	Complied

^{*}On June 25, 2020 the District certified that all schools were closed from March 16, 2020 to May 27, 2020 for a total of 46 instructional days

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	20	21 (Budget)	2020	2019	2018
General Fund - Budgetary Basis Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	23,454,297 23,449,231	\$ 24,283,136 23,638,144	\$ 24,015,213 23,586,933	\$ 21,680,628 22,204,086
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	5,066	\$ 644,992	\$ 428,280	\$ (523,458)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	11,116,982	\$ 11,111,916	\$ 10,464,178	\$ 10,035,898
Available Reserves*	\$	6,491,809	\$ 6,550,830	\$ 5,387,635	\$ 5,699,395
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		27.68%	27.71%	22.84%	25.67%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	65,785,714	\$ 66,025,872	\$ 64,273,929	\$ 63,296,714
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		2,207	2,207	2,266	2,260

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$1,076,018 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects a further increase of \$5,066. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$2,729,158 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 53 ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

There were no differences between the annual financial and budget report with the audited financial statements.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The District does not sponsor any charter schools.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	Cafe	teria Fund	N	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Pupil ansportation ipment Fund	В	uilding Fund	Fι	apital Projects and for Blended amponent Units	Bond Interest	-	G	Non-Major Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	263,055	\$	237,132	\$ 244,565	\$	6,007	\$	61,970	\$ 717,9	904	\$	1,530,633
Due from other funds		40,000		-	-		-		-		-		40,000
Stores inventory		6,177		-	-		-		-		-		6,177
Total Assets	\$	309,232	\$	237,132	\$ 244,565	\$	6,007	\$	61,970	\$ 717,9	904	\$	1,576,810
LIABILITIES													
Accrued liabilities	\$	3,973	\$	8,371	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,344
Due to other funds		34,857		-	-		-		-		-		34,857
Total Liabilities		38,830		8,371	-		-		-		-		47,201
FUND BALANCES													
Non-spendable		6,177		-	-		-		-		-		6,177
Restricted		264,225		-	244,565		6,007		61,970	717,9	04		1,294,671
Committed		-		228,761	-		-		-		-		228,761
Total Fund Balances		270,402		228,761	244,565		6,007		61,970	717,9	904		1,529,609
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	309,232	\$	237,132	\$ 244,565	\$	6,007	\$	61,970	\$ 717,9	904	\$	1,576,810

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Pupil Transportation Equipment Fund	Building Fund	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	Ψ	- \$ 84,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Federal sources	447,174	-	-	-	-	-	447,174
Other state sources	30,46	7 -	-	-	-	4,006	34,473
Other local sources	266,013	3 4,445	5,997	5,776	1,189	788,647	1,072,067
Total Revenues	743,654	4 88,852	5,997	5,776	1,189	792,653	1,638,121
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation			75,259	-	-	-	75,259
Food services	722,183	-	-	-	-	-	722,183
General administration							
All other general administration	34,39	5 -	-	-	-	-	34,395
Plant services		- 98,636	-	-	-	-	98,636
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		- 158,957	-	474,935	-	-	633,892
Debt service							
Principal			-	-	-	230,000	230,000
Interest and other			-	-	-	417,730	417,730
Total Expenditures	756,578	3 257,593	75,259	474,935	-	647,730	2,212,095
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(12,92	4) (168,741)	(69,262)	(469,159)	1,189	144,923	(573,974)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		, , ,	, , ,	, ,		·	
Transfers in		- 84,407	-	-	-	-	84,407
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		- 84,407	-	-	-	-	84,407
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,924	4) (84,334)	(69,262)	(469,159)	1,189	144,923	(489,567)
Fund Balance - Beginning	283,320		313,827	475,166	60,781	572,981	2,019,176
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 270,402	2 \$ 228,761	\$ 244,565	\$ 6,007	\$ 61,970	\$ 717,904	\$ 1,529,609

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2020

The Jefferson Elementary School District formed in 1866 is located in San Joaquin County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operates three elementary schools and one middle school.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Debbie Wingo	President	2024
Phil Raya	Vice President	2022
Dan Wells	Clerk	2022
Pete Carlson	Member	2024
Brian Jackman	Member	2022

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

James Bridges, Ed.D Superintendent

Dena Whittington, CFE Chief Business Official

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2020 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2020.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 1,143,329
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	(161,063)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 982,266

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

<u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Jefferson Elementary School District Tracy, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jefferson Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jefferson Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California February 3, 2021

Chiestylehete, Inc

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Jefferson Elementary School District Tracy, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jefferson Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Jefferson Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jefferson Elementary School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jefferson Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Jefferson Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California February 3, 2021

Histolehete, Inc

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Jefferson Elementary School District Tracy, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jefferson Elementary School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jefferson Elementary School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Jefferson Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Jefferson Elementary School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	No
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study; for charter schools	
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	Not Applicable
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	Not Applicable
charter schools	Not Applicable
	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study or continuation education because total reported ADA was not material.

San Diego, California February 3, 2021

Chistylehite, Inc

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster	_
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

There were no findings reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.